

Slovenia - Croatia



CITIZENS' SUMMARY

INTERREG PROGRAMME

SLOVENIA - CROATIA 2021-2027





INTERREG PROGRAMME SLOVENIA – CROATIA 2021-2027

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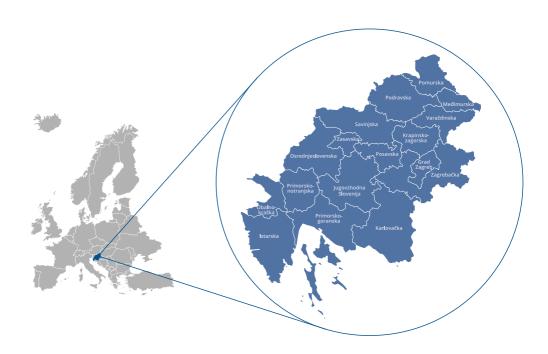


Programme area

In the Slovenia-Croatia border region, the Interreg Programme Slovenia – Croatia 2021-2027 (IP SI-HR) covers nine Slovenian and eight Croatian NUTS 3 regions.

The border between Slovenia and Croatia stretches over 650 km. The main economic impact and high attractiveness are undoubtedly linked to both capital cities (Ljubljana and Zagreb) with more than million inhabitants altogether.

This territory covers an area of 31,728 km² (SI: 46,6 %, HR: 53,4 %) and a population of 3,8 million inhabitants (SI: 1,7 million, HR: 2,1 million).





Programme vision and mission

well-being of all inhabitants."

The Programme envisages mutual learning joint actions leading to a change in all its priorities, primarily to re-connect across the border, to understand the current joint needs and threats of a rapidly changing reality, and to work together to improve resilience and adaptability of people, organisations, and communities, asssisting the programme area in becoming more green and digital, and thus fit for the future.





Programme preparation

In the preparation phase of the Interreg Programme Slovenia – Croatia 2021-2027 (IP SI-HR) a territorial and socio-economic analysis has been carried out to create a solid basis of information on the thematic fields where cross-border cooperation may contribute most to overcome border obstacles and regional disparities. The analysis identified the main joint challenges, needs and potentials of the area, as well as strategically relevant fields of actions for cross-border cooperation with the potential to overcome border obstacles and territorial disparities, taking into account economic, social, environmental and other relevant aspects. In addition to the territorial and socio-economic analysis, the main results of the evaluation of the 2014-2020 programme, directions of development provided by the relevant strategies and stakeholders (interviews and online survey) have been considered in the discussions of the Programming Task Force when preparing the strategic thematic orientations.





The following priorities and specific objectives:



Priority 1

A green and adaptive region

Specific objective 2.4

Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystem-based approaches

9,8 mil

Specific objective 2.7

Enhanching protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution

> 5,4 mil



Priority 2

Resilient and sustainable region

Specific objective 4.6

Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion and social innovation

16,3 mil



Priority 3

An accessible and connected region

Specific objective 6.2

ISO 1 Enhance efficient administration public by promoting legal administrative and cooperation, and cooperation between citizens. civil society actors, and institutions, in particular with a view toward resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

> 4,0 mil

Specific objective 6.3

ISO 1 Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-topeople actions

> o,7 mil



Programme priorities



A green and adaptive region



Resilient and sustainable region



An accessible and connected region



PRIORITY 1



A green and adaptive region



SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2.4

Promoting climate change adaptation and disaster risk prevention and resilience, taking into account ecosystembased approaches



- Creating sustainable joint risk management partnerships for the cross-border territory,
- Stimulating the application of nature-based solutions wherever possible, above hard or grey infrastructure,
- Enhancing the resilience of people, property, and natural environment to climate change and disasters (actions for enhanced resilience of society should not have indirect negative impacts on nature in protected areas and Species and Habitats of Community interest),
- Supporting interdisciplinary approach and holistic planning in development of climate adaptation and disaster risk prevention action plans and solutions.



EXPECTED RESULTS

- Improved preparedness and responsiveness of local communities and civil protection units,
- Increased capacity and responsibility
 of stakeholders and ensured
 understanding of climate related
 threats, needs, and necessary
 measures for climate change
 adaptation,
- Developed pilot solution for community climate adaptation in the cross-border area,
- Enhanced cross-border cooperation of response units, co-ordination of warning and response systems.
- Enhanced capacities for climate resilient spatial planning and solution integration in the crossborder area.
- Enhanced cooperation and delivery of cross-border climate action plans for increased community adaptation and resilience,
- Increased knowledge and application of nature-based solutions for delivery of multipurpose effects,
- Increased knowledge and capacity of inhabitants and relevant stakeholders for behavioural change towards nature and resource preservation.



TYPES OF ACTION 1:

Indicative list of activities

- Cross-border exchange and harmonisation of data, risk mapping, establishment of joint protocols, and information flows on the crossborder level;
- Development and enhancement of cooperation of disaster response units and organisations, including rescue plans, protocols, and co-ordination mechanisms of civil protection to prepare and respond to climate change-related hazards and other risks in the cross-border area;

 Development and enhancement of early warning and response systems with efficient data and information exchange between the national, regional, and the local levels; awareness-raising and educational activities for inhabitants on climate risk adaptation and on how to act during different climate change-related and other disasters where shared in the cross-border territory;

• Joint cross-border upskilling ar equipping of disaster response units and organisations for different types of hazard scenarios define for the expected area covered (e.g., fires, frost, floods, droughts, storms, earthquakes, and other extreme events); sharing knowledge and good practices on climate adaptation for resilience of society and infrastructure;

• Supporting cross-border capacity building, establishment of cross border tools for the target groups in the cross-border area (particularly youth and children) for protection against shared threats (promoting community assistance, reaction in case of disasters, digital tools for natural hazard observations in schools, etc.).

Strenghtening
of risk
preparedness and
response capacities
in the crossborder area





TYPES OF ACTION 2:

Indicative list of activities

Preparing and coordinating cross-sectoral, integrated, cross-border climate adaptation action plans for neighbouring municipalities/ cities/regions/territorial units (aligned with the national climate plans) and their implementation on the regional level (e.g., SECAP - Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan) for anticipating the adverse effects of climate change on key sectors and taking appropriate activities to prevent/ minimise damage they can cause, or taking advantage of opportunities that may arise;

Increasing
the resilience
to climate change
effects in the
programme
area

- Pilot activities focused on strengthening the resilience of the cross-border area (e.g., digital solutions for selected sectors for different problem areas and users, accompanied by small scale investments etc);
- Supporting the process of elaboration of inclusive (interdisciplinary) cross-border spatial planning background documents (aligned with national strategies) and expert bases for local adaptation plans, responding to identified climate threats:
- Supporting capacity building for sustainable implementation of defined action plans on regional/local level. Pilot activities developed must benefit the target groups in the cross-border area;

· Introduction and development of naturebased solutions for integrated water management by considering ecosystem restoration. natural water retention measures and other green (or blue) infrastructure measures that reduce flood risk threats and have a direct benefit for climate change adaptation and risk prevention.





SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 2.7

Enhancing protection and preservation of nature, biodiversity, and green infrastructure, including in urban areas, and reducing all forms of pollution



Guiding principles:

- Enhancing participatory process for delivery of holistic and multibeneficial solutions for habitats and species,
- Considering nature-based solutions underlying on multiple benefits.

EXPECTED RESULTS

- Identified opportunities and demonstrations of green infrastructure for multipurpose benefits (including natural and seminatural heritage),
- Enhanced preservation of habitats and species, mitigated biodiversity loss.
- Enhanced cooperation for management of protected areas in the cross-border area and crossborder natural landscapes,
- Developed solutions for improving conservation status of habitats and species in the cross-border area.
- Increased awareness, cooperation and exploration of green infrastructure in the cross-border area and enhanced ecosystem services.
- Enhanced sustainable nature management,
- Reduced negative impacts on habitats and species, particularly in protected areas.
- Enhanced awareness and innovative solutions for nature interpretation and protection.



TYPES OF ACTION 1:

Indicative list of activities

• Enhancing cross-border cooperation and knowledge exchange for inclusive and holistic spatial planning by fostering participative process, for integration of green infrastructure on a regional scale, relying on (but not limiting to) Natura 2000 network as its backbone, aiming to support habitat connectivity, prevent degradation and support delivery of ecosystem services;

Strategically
planned green
infrastructure
for provision of
environmental and
socio-economic
benefits

Supporting cross-border pilot activities for introducing and managing green infrastructure, and enhancing and raising awareness on provision of multiple ecosystem services in the cross-border area (e.g., establishment of pilot green infrastructure, promotion of environmental education. sustainable

etc).

resource management





TYPES OF ACTION 2:

Indicative list of activities

• Sustainable joint cross-border actions for better management of natural areas for improving the conservation status of species and habitat types in poor or declining condition (e.g., wetlands, grasslands, etc. also considering the underground karstic habitats). Actions under this activity should consider knowledge exchange and co-ordination of relevant stakeholders for advancement of nature protection efforts; cross-border pilot actions to demonstrate possible solutions (e.g., cross-border management plans of visiting regimes, cross-border nature interpretation, cross-border innovative models for results-base;

Improved protection and preservation of endangered habitats, species, and landscapes in the programme area

• Joint actions for planning and managing of natural landscapes across border (e.g. border river corridors, forests, other integrated biodiversity areas) aiming to provide a cross-border collaboration and exchange platform for preservation and development of the habitats quality and landscape identity and achieve high awareness on natural and semi-natural heritage value of the cross-border territory addressed, particularly involving (but not

limiting to) Natura 2000 and other protected areas;

 Cross-border actions to improve protection, management, and implementation of joint measures against invasive species (e.g., cross-border relevant small-scale cleanup), including data gathering and exchange, on best preventive practices, and further awareness-raising actions for sustainability of cross-border cooperation. Activities to be focused on Natura 2000 and other areas of ecological importance;

• Coordinated cross-border actions for **protection of the threatened communities within ecosystems that support ecosystem services** in the programme
area (e.g., pollinators, large carnivores and other, having
special role in the community of species). Activities
should address all integrated aspects (cross-border data
gathering and processing, pilot implementation of identified
solutions, awareness-raising, enhancing sustainability of
cross-border actions). Activities to be focused on Natura 2000
and other areas of ecological importance.



PRIORITY 2



Resilient and sustainable region



SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 4.6

Enhancing the role of culture and sustainable tourism in economic development, social inclusion, and social innovation



Guiding principles:

- Respecting and preserving culture, nature, biodiversity, and the health of inhabitants.
- Fostering economic, environmental and social sustainability of tourism,
- Facilitating slow tourism by increasing the quality of fewer and more meaningful experiences by fostering sustainable mobility solutions, outdoor activities, organic food, and eco-oenological experiences, using local products, learning through interactive experience-based activities and implementing similar actions,
- Facilitating cross-sectorial job creation and economic recovery of tourism, culture and creative industries.

EXPECTED RESULTS

- Sustainable development promoted and accepted as the main principle of tourism growth and job creation,
- Increased resilience of tourism and tourism stakeholders to current and incoming disturbances,
- Increased quality of joint cross-border products and inclusive experiencebased services in line with current and emerging desires of modern visitors,
- More preserved, digitally interpreted and promoted cultural heritage, and supported by cultural and creative industries,
- Increased social responsibility and inclusion of marginalized groups.



TYPES OF ACTION 1:

Indicative list of activities

- Development of joint pilot actions to support a green transition of public and private stakeholders in tourism and culture (e.g., enhancing CB tourism products and services for entering green certification schemes, actions that promote and implement circular economy);
- Development of new or "greening" of existing CB products, services, or solutions that contribute to the sustainability and accessibility of tourism and cultural products and service;

Supporting
sustainable tourism
and green transition
of public and private
organisations through
pilot actions, collaborative
learning, and awarenessraising of tourists and all
stakeholders in tourism



- CB awareness-raising actions to increase environmental and social responsibility of stakeholders in tourism and culture, tourists, and visitors;
- Joint CB collaboration platforms and joint learning actions (e.g., CB study visits, CB mentoring, crossborder exchange programmes, CB job shadowing programmes for supporting environmentally and socially responsible tourism, culture, and creative industries);
- Upskilling of public private and organisations for integrated sustainabledestinationsmanagement by enhancing knowledge and skills supporting transition to resilient tourism destinations and enhancing digital skills and supporting transition to circular business models in tourism, culture, and creative industries (incl. heritage interpretation).



TYPES OF ACTION 2:

Indicative list of activities

• Increasing diversity and accessibility of CB tourism by development of special types of tourism corresponding to the local or historical identity in rural communities, also respecting needs of vulnerable groups (e.g., cultural tourism, outdoor and active tourism that are in line with environmental and spatial requirements, developing joint tourism products by using existing infrastructure);

 Modernising tourism and cultural organisations and institutions to meet the demands of modern visitors including vulnerable population and the newly-arisen COVID-19 scenario by preventing resilence
and recovery of
tourism and culture by
developing and upgrade
of joint CB tourism
products and
services

Enhancing

mass tourism and supporting CB demand driven **digitalisation** (e.g., joint artificial intelligence systems and digital online solutions for identification, interpretation and presentation of cultural and natural heritage (e.g. cultural routes), joint smart technologies supporting information

sharing in PA, CB reservation systems);

 Increasing quality of tourism offer in CB tourism regions/destinations (e.g. by entering the certification schemes):

 Upgrading of joint CB tourism products by supporting valorisation, preservation and inclusive and interactive interpretation of cultural and natural heritage;

 CB pilot actions to mobilize local communities and improve local economy by enhancing and promoting health tourism, oenology, and gastronomy as part of agrotourism and farm to fork initiatives:

 Joint CB actions for supporting social innovations and cultural and creative industries, and creativity in tourism and culture (e.g., crossborder cultural networking, including clusters and cultural routes, increasing value of tourist cross-border products and services by development of participative creative experiences).





PRIORITY 3



Accessible and connected region



SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6.2

Enhance efficient public administration by promoting legal and administrative cooperation, and cooperation between citizens, civil society actors, and institutions, in particular with a view toward resolving legal and other obstacles in border regions

Guiding principles:

- · Place-based approach,
- · Participatory approach,
- · Sustainability,
- · Digitalisation.

EXPECTED RESULTS

 Efficient and active public administration at improving services and finding new solutions in the areas of healthcare, social inclusion and welfare, accessibility, and energy efficiency.





TYPES OF ACTION:

Indicative list of activities

 Development and implementation cross-border cooperation models; tools and learning networks for more efficient and accessible public administration in the areas of healthcare, social inclusion, accessibility and energy efficiency (e.g., knowledge sharing and capacity building, awareness-raising actions, cross-border data sharing monitoring systems, introduction of digital tools for identifying crossborder legal and administrative obstacles. ioint workshops. upskilling, meetings, and seminars for strengthening the cross-border cooperation between municipalities, cities and regions, study visits in order to transfer best practices, crossborder staff exchange programmes and cross-border mentoring);



Improvement
of the quality and
diversity of the services
and development of innovative
solutions in the areas of health
care, social inclusion and
welfare, accessibility, and energy
efficiency in the border regions
by overcoming legal and
administrative
obstacles

- Establishment and co-ordination of joint multi-level and multisectoral knowledge exchange, governance models and development of territorial strategies of cross-border areas involving public administration at different levels (local, regional, national), civil society and other stakeholders:
- Setting up new or/and upgrading existing cross-border organisational structures providing the services in the area of healthcare, social inclusion, accessibility and energy efficiency (e.g., cross-border network for demand responsive transport, joint development of models in the area of deinstitutionalisation of elderly care);



 Development of innovative cross-border solutions and pilot actions in the field of energy efficiency (jointly developed tools and solution for energy improving efficiency at different levels, models self-sufficient οf energy communities, monitoring proposals systems, for reducing legal, administrative and other obstacles hampering implementation of such tools and solutions);

• Development of joint solutions and pilot actions for improving the quality and diversity of health, social, and complementary services (e.g., solutions to challenges connected to aging population, health, energy and mobility poverty to improve attractiveness of remote areas and to stop depopulation, pilot actions for integration of health, social and complementary services, diversification of health prevention activities etc.):

• Development of **solutions and pilot actions for improvement of accessibility** (e.g., action plan and pilot actions of joint cross-border sustainable mobility services, introducing digital solutions for easier access to health and social services, participatory decision-making actions to reduce the administrative barriers and harmonise timetables);

Mainstreaming and uptake of developed solutions in the area of healthcare, social
inclusion, accessibility and energy efficiency in the cross-border area towards civil
society and public administration at different levels (e.g., promotion of suggestions on
improving legislation, presentation of proposals for mainstreaming and adapting of
developed solutions digital platforms, collaboration platforms, cross-border newsletter,
cross-border newspaper).



SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE 6.3

Build up mutual trust, in particular by encouraging people-to-people actions

Guiding principles:

- · Inclusion,
- · Active involvement,
- Environmental and climate responsibility.

EXPECTED RESULTS

 Intergenerational coexistence, reliability, security, confidence, credibility and transparency among people living in cross-border areas.





TYPES OF ACTION:

Indicative list of activities

- Cross-border awareness-raising actions (e.g., on solidarity, community support, climate and environmental responsible lifestyle, and healthy living);
- Cross-border people-to-people learning actions (e.g., educational programmes for children, youth and students for active citizenship, educational programmes for the elderly (e.g., digital skills), cross-border intergenerational learning actions, platform for sharing climate-friendly households solutions, cross-border healthy living actions, cross-border learning about cultural and national heritage (e.g. traditional food and music);

Cross-border joint events to increase connectivity, networking, and intergenerational support (e.g., cultural events, sports events; summer camps, recreational activities in nature, experience-based learning events, joint nature clean-up actions, greening of public

spaces).

Peopleto-people
projects to improve
cultural and social
relations, and to
get actively
engaged in the
community





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